





AMMIL: a methodology for MOOCs, Flipped Classrooms or Online courses

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The creation of the methodology

- First MOOC created in 2013 for MiriadaX (https://miriadax.net/)
 - "Design in HTML, CSS and JavaScript of Web and FirefoxOS Apps"
 - ~15.000 registered, ~12.500 started y ~2.500 finished
 - ~2.500 persons finished 70 learning micro-activities (100%)
 - Over 200.000 persons have registered in 8 editions offered
- * "Internet Computing" course, 3rd year Telecom Eng. Grad.
 - A flipped class-room course methodology was being developed
 - Objetive: transform the course material for self-learning
- AMMIL focusses on improving the quality and effectiveness of self-learning materials
 - Validated in MOOCs and the "Internet Computing" flipped class-room



Basic MiriadaX Rules

- Record micro-lectures of between 3 and 12 minutes
 - Evaluate every micro-lecture with some exercise
 - The micro-lectures can be grouped in modules
- ¿How can I break a lecture into several micro-lectures?
- ¿How to evaluate small micro-lectures?
- ¿How to motivate the learner to continue?

Some questions for the first MOOC

- Type of MOOC
 - Short nanoMOOC of 1 or 2 weeks
 - Longer MOOC lasting between 3 and 5 weeks
 - Specialization or microMaster composed of 6-10 nanoMOOCs
- ◆ Topic of the MOOC
 - Most likely something related with one of my courses
 - The most successful MOOCs focus on
 - "Life long learning"
 - New knowledge or capacities demanded professionally
- Side-objetives of the MOOC
 - To flip my class-room in part or all my course
 - As an entry to an online, but closed program
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AMMIL Methodology*

- Active
- Meaningful
- Micro
- Inductive
- Learning

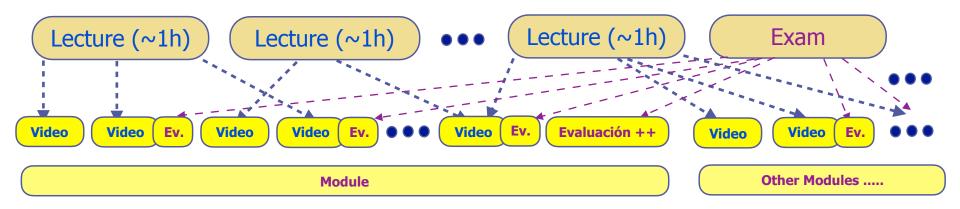
^{*}AMMIL has been used and validated in xMOOCs on JavaScript programming using PBL.

^{*}The recommendations may be useful in other types of MOOC, but have not been validated.

The Components:

Modules, uActivites, uObjectives, uExamples & Evaluations

Transforming Lectures



- uObjective (micro-objective)
 - Each uActivity must have a well defined learning uObjective
 - Each uObjective must focus only in one concept or element which can be evaluated
- uActivity (micro-activity)
 - Must explain, illustrate, practice and evaluate the learning objective
 - They are usually supported by
 - Slides (Title plus 4-6 slides, maximum 10)
 - Each slide should have also a clearly defined learning (nano)Objective
 - Video (of between 3 to 12 minutes, never over 15min)
 - Documentation (Usually Web pointers)
 - Evaluation (several choices)

The uExamples



- uExample (micro-example)
 - Realistic example(s) with minimum complexity illustrating the uObjective
 - Must illustrate only the new aspects being explained in the uActivity
 - Must fit in one slide!
- Each uActivity must have one or more uExamples
- Recomendation: develop uExamples from the uObjectives (before the slides and evaluations)
 - The development of good uExamples needs a lot of effort

Evaluations

- The evaluations are also learning activities
 - They should consolidate and lead to a better understanding of the topic
- Test (mainly for uActivities)



- A test should cover the uObjective exhaustively
 - Should cover all use-cases (the good and bad ones) and review all the implications of a theory or concept
- P2P (Peer to Peer) Exercise
 - Evaluation with an open exercise (& creative)



- Each learner is corrected by other learners (Peers)
- Autoevaluators of programs, simulators, virtual labs, etc.





- uEvaluations and module evaluations
 - uEvaluations evaluate a uActivity and should be simple
 - Module evaluations evaluate several uActivities and should be creative

The Global View:

The syllabus and the learning trail

Syllabus and content



- A MOOC is a framework for self-learning!
- The complete "syllabus" should be explained in uActivities
 - Everything evaluated must have been explained
 - Everything explained must be evaluated (in uActivities or modules)
- Activities focussed in creativity, study, info search, etc.
 - Can exist, but should be explicitly planned as such
- The scientific method metaphor helps to identify uObjectives
 - It validates all the implications of a theory with experiments
 - For learning every implication of the theory must be practiced with uActivities
 - In order to obtain a proper understanding of all aspects of a theory





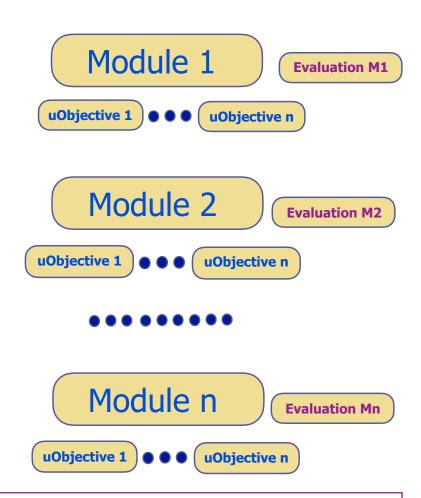
The learning trail

- The order of uObjectives defines the learning trail
- It must imply meaningful learning (D. Ausubel)
 - Constructing new knowledge on preexisting or already acquired knowledge
 - Relating always the new knowledge with already acquired one
- It must be inductive and go from the particular to the general
 - It must illustrate always with **uExamples**, especially particular cases
 - First the vocabulary, then particular cases, then generalisations and abstractions, etc.
- It must be based on PBL (Project or Problem based learning)
 - A project or problem guides the learning process
 - It motivates the learner and helps him in understanding the context and benefits of learning

Putting all together

Steps to create a MOOC

- Indentify first the modules
- The the module evaluations
 - Evaluations must be motivating and enriching
 - The evaluations will help in determining the uObjectives included in a module
- Define then the uObjectives
- And then the uExamples
- Define after it slides and uEvaluations
- And finally record the videos
 - When everything else is ready



Several iterations are usually done, some top-down and some bottom-up

SAGA Recording Studio

- Allows agile and efficient video recording without support persons
- The lecturer starts and stops the recording
- The lecturer sees what's being recorded
- The videos don't need post-production!
 - The system inserts opening and closing videos
- The recording can be repeated if necessary
 - Repeating the recording requires a small effort







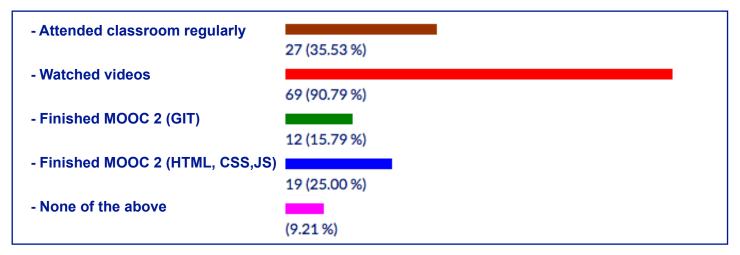
Video Recording

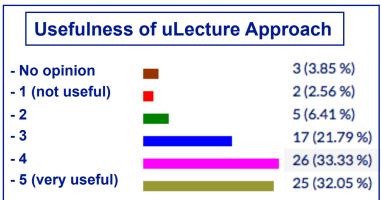
- Before creating the first MOOC
 - The material for 2-3 videos or for a small module should be prepared and recorded asap
 - It is important to get familiar with the new learning environment

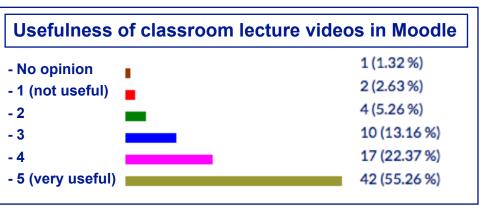


- Preparing a script before recording a video is a must
- Videos should be recorded when all the other material is finished
 - Final changes or corrections will be less painful
 - i.e. changing slide templates or other corrections may oblige to record all videos again!
- The slides are usually improved during the first recordings.
 - The slides should not be definite before the end of the recordings

Course survey 2017/18: Internet Computing (76 of 300 students answered)









Conclusiones

- MOOCs have a huge impact and outreach
 - Their impact on education and universities should still be very strong
- The flipped class-room based on MOOCs
 - Has a huge potential for universities
- The most difficult and costly thing when creating the MOOCs was
 - The definition of a good sequence of uObjectives (many trials)
 - The development of good **uExamples** for the uLectures
 - The development of a good project for the PBL
- The lecturer focusses more in content production with this approach.
 - And in facilitating self-learning with high quality materials
- Videos are not only useful in MOOCs
 - They have a very high "productivity" and "efficiency" in learning activities in general

Thanks for your Interest!